

# How do you PrEP?

## What is it?

- ▶ Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis
- PrEP is a medication taken to prevent getting HIV; PrEP is highly effective to prevent HIV when it is taken as recommended/prescribed.
- ► For more information on PrEP, visit: **bit.ly/prep-basics** (Source: CDC.gov<sup>1</sup>)

#### How does it work?

- PrEP helps to reduce the risk of contracting HIV by about 99% when taken as prescribed. PrEP is not effective for preventing other STD/STIS. (Source: CDC.gov<sup>1</sup>)
- Possible Side Effects: diarrhea, nausea, headache, fatigue, and stomach pain, which usually go away over time. (Source: CDC.gov<sup>1</sup>)

## **3 Types of PrEP**



## Is PrEP right for my patient?

PrEP can help protect from HIV if your patient does not currently have HIV and/or any of the following apply to them:

- ▶ They have had anal or vaginal sex in the past 6 months and they:
  - Have a sexual partner with HIV (especially if the partner has an unknown or detectable viral load)
  - Have not consistently used a condom
  - Have been diagnosed with a STD in the past 6 months
- ► They inject drugs and:
  - Have an injection partner with HIV
  - Share needles, syringes, or other drug injection equipment
- ► They have been prescribed PEP (Post-Exposure Prophylaxis) and:
  - Report continued risk behavior
  - Have used multiple courses of PEP

<sup>1</sup>CDC.gov (www.cdc.gov) is your online source for credible health information and is the official website of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).

